

# **Hope View School**

## **Positive Handling Policy**

#### Introduction

This policy has been written in line with guidance from the following sources:

DFE Circular 'The Use of Reasonable Force,' Advice for head teachers, staff and governing bodies. Section 93 Education and Inspections Act 2006 issued following the enactment of Section 550A of the 1996 Education Act. DFE Circular 'The Use of Reasonable Force,' Advice for head teachers, staff and governing bodies. July 2013 Behaviour and Discipline in Schools January 2016

## **Objectives of this Policy**

The policy has been prepared for the support of all teaching and support staff who come into contact with pupils and for volunteers working within the school to explain the school's arrangements for the care and control of pupils presenting very challenging behaviour. Its contents are available to parents and pupils. This statement includes information on the use of reasonable force to control or restrain pupils.

### **Purpose of policy**

Good personal and professional relationships between staff and pupils are vital to ensure good order at Hope View School. It is recognised that the majority of pupils in our school/provision respond positively to the discipline and control practised by staff. This ensures the well-being and safety of all pupils and staff at Hope View. It is also acknowledged that in exceptional circumstances, staff may need to take action in situations where the use of reasonable force may be required. Hope View acknowledges that physical techniques are only part of a whole setting approach to behaviour management. Every effort will be made to ensure that all staff in this school/provision:

• clearly understand this policy and their responsibilities in the context of their duty of care for taking appropriate measures where reasonable force is necessary and

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• are provided with appropriate training to deal with these difficult situations.

**Implications of the policy** 

The 1996 Education Act (Section 55OA) and updated by the education act 2006

stipulates that reasonable force may be used to prevent a pupil from doing, or

continuing to do, any of the following:

• engaging in any behaviour prejudicial to maintaining good order and discipline at

the school among any of its pupils, whether the behaviour occurs in a classroom

during a teaching session or elsewhere within the school (this includes authorised out-

of-school activities);

• self-injuring;

• causing injury to others;

• committing an offence;

The application of any form of physical control places staff in a vulnerable situation.

It can only be justified according to the circumstances described in this policy. Staff,

therefore, have a responsibility to follow the policy and to seek alternative strategies

wherever possible in order to prevent the need for physical intervention.

Reasonable force will only be used as a last resort (where possible) when all other

behaviour management strategies have failed or when pupils, staff or property are at

risk.

**Definitions** 

**Reasonable Force** 

No legal definition of reasonable force exists. However, for the purpose of this policy

and the implementation of it Hope View School:

• positive handling uses the minimum degree of force necessary for the shortest period

of time to prevent a pupil harming him/herself, others or property.

• the scale and nature of any physical intervention must be proportionate to both the

behaviour of the individual to be controlled, and the nature of the harm they might

cause.

**Physical contact** 

Situations in which proper physical contact occurs between staff and pupils, e.g. in the

care of pupils with learning disabilities; in games/PE; to comfort pupils.

Physical intervention

This may be used to divert a pupil from a destructive or disruptive action, e.g. guiding

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or leading a pupil by the hand, arm or shoulder with little or no force.

**Physical control/restraint** 

This will involve the use of reasonable force when there is an immediate risk to

pupils, staff or property. It is important to note that the use of 'reasonable force'

should be seen as a last resort. (where possible)

All such incidents must be recorded and stored in an accessible way.

The level of compliance from the pupil determines whether or not the interaction is an

intervention or a control/restraint.

**Underpinning values** 

Everyone attending or working in this school/provision has a right to:

• recognition of their unique identity;

• be treated with respect and dignity;

• learn and work in a safe environment;

• be protected from harm, violence, assault and acts of verbal abuse.

Pupils attending this school/provision and their parents have a right to:

• individual consideration of pupil needs by the staff who have responsibility for their

care and protection;

• expect staff to undertake their duties and responsibilities in accordance with the

school's policies;

• be informed about school rules, relevant policies and the expected conduct of all

pupils and staff working in school;

• be informed about the school's complaints procedure.

The school will ensure that pupils are given support to understand the need for and

respond to clearly defined limits, which govern behaviour in the school.

**Authorised staff** 

In this school/provision:

Designated staff are authorised to use reasonable force within the context of

Education Act 2006 'The use of reasonable force to control and restrain pupils'.

The school provides training for all staff and the Headteacher retains a list of all those

staff trained.

The list is reviewed on an annual basis (or more frequently if the context requires it).

Authorisation is not given to volunteers, students or parents or carers.

The Headteacher is responsible for making clear to whom such authorisation has been

given (in what circumstances and settings they may use force and for what duration of

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time this authorisation will last). The Headteacher will ensure that those authorised are aware of, and understand, what the authorisation entails. Those whom the Headteacher has not authorised will be told what steps to take in the case of an

incident where control or restraint is needed.

Staff from the LEA working within the school

Support services will have their own policies for care and control of pupils. When

working within the school, it is the head teacher's responsibility to ensure that

colleagues from support services are aware of school policy and practice.

**Training** 

It will be the responsibility of the Headteacher to arrange suitable training. Training

for all staff will be made available. No member of staff will be expected to undertake

the use of reasonable force without appropriate training. Prior to the provision of

training, guidance will be given on action to be taken. Arrangements will be made

clear as part of the induction of staff and training will be provided as part of on-going

staff development.

Following a review of existing school practice(s), in consultation with proprietors,

senior leaders and staff, the school/provision is committed to using Team Teach,

providing this approach continues to adopt the British Institute for Learning

Difficulties (BILD) Code of Practice on physical intervention, and has been or is

working towards being accredited through the BILD Physical Interventions

Accreditation Scheme.

**Implementation** 

Hope View School acknowledges that physical techniques are only a part of a whole

setting approach to behaviour management. The proprietors of the school will ensure

that:

1. Hope View School's behaviour policy will be reviewed every year

2. Training will be delivered on a needs-based approach and procedures are in place to

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monitor incidents, following a behavioural audit and implementation of appropriate

risk management procedures;

3. All training will include theory on at least the following:

• causes of challenging behaviour;

• prevention strategies;

• positive behaviour management;

• de-escalation;

• risk assessment;

• behaviour support planning;

• de-brief following incidents.

4. Physical techniques are not treated in isolation and the school is committed to

ensuring that, as a result of incidents, learning opportunities are created for children

that allow them to 'own' and take responsibility for their behaviour.

In addition, procedures are also in place to ensure that appropriate support is provided

for staff and that following an incident pupil/staff relationships are rebuilt and

repaired to ensure that a positive learning environment is maintained.

5. All staff will be trained in Team Teach via attendance at a 12 hour course.

Refresher training will be delivered every two years.

All the techniques used take account of a young person's:

• age;

• gender;

• level of physical, emotional and intellectual development;

• special needs;

• social context.

Also, they provide a gradual, graded system of responses.

Risk assessments will be completed against each child when physical restraint may

need to be used, in the context of identified target behaviour(s) and environments in

which they occur. The assessment will identify the benefits and the risks associated

with the strategies being proposed; where applicable, these will be designed through

multi-professional collaboration. These will be included in any Behaviour Support

Plans/Provision Plans.

Strategies for dealing with challenging behaviour

As endorsed in the school's Behaviour Management Policy, staff consistently use

positive strategies to encourage acceptable behaviour and good order.

Every effort will be made to resolve conflicts positively and without harm to pupils or

staff, property, buildings or the environment. Where unacceptable behaviour threatens

good order and discipline and provokes intervention, some or all of the following

approaches should be taken according to the circumstances of the incident and in

association with Circular 10/98:

• verbal acknowledgment of unacceptable behaviour with request for the pupil to

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refrain (this includes negotiation, care and concern);

- further verbal reprimand stating:
- that this is the second request for compliance;
- an explanation of why observed behaviour is unacceptable;
- an explanation of what will happen if the unacceptable behaviour continues.
- warning of intention to intervene physically and that this will cease when the pupil complies.
- physical intervention. Reasonable force being used to prevent a child harming him or herself, others or property.

If possible/necessary, summon assistance from a member of the senior leadership team.

#### **Types of incident**

The incidents fall into three broad categories:

- Where action is necessary in self-defence or because there is an imminent risk of injury;
- Where there is a developing risk of injury or significant damage to property;
- Where a pupil is behaving in a way that is compromising good order or discipline.

Examples of situations, which fall within one of the first two categories are:

- a pupil attacks a member of staff, or another pupil;
- pupils are fighting;
- a pupil is engaged in, or is on the verge of committing, deliberate damage or vandalism to property;
- a pupil is causing, or at risk of causing, injury or damage by accident, rough play, or by misuse of dangerous materials or objects;
- a pupil is running in a corridor or on a stairway such that he or she might have or cause an accident likely to injure him or herself or others;
- a pupil absconds from a class or tries to leave school (NB: this will only apply if a pupil could be at risk if not kept in the classroom or at school).

Examples of situations which fall into the third category are:

- a pupil persistently refuses to obey an order to leave a classroom;
- a pupil is behaving in a way that is seriously disrupting a lesson.

#### Acceptable measures of physical intervention

The school will put in place systems for managing and reviewing the following:

• strategies for preventing the occurrence of behaviours which precipitate the use of a physical intervention;

• strategies for 'de-escalation' or 'de-fusion' which can avert the need for a physical

intervention;

• procedures for post-incident support and de-briefing for staff, children, and their

families.

• The concept of reasonable force where 'reasonableness' is determined with

reference to all the circumstances, including:

• the seriousness of the incident;

• the relative risks arising from using a physical intervention compared with using

other strategies;

• the age, cultural background, gender, stature and medical history of the child

concerned;

• the application of gradually increasing or decreasing levels of force in response to

the person's behaviour;

• the approach to risk assessment and risk management employed;

• the distinction between:

• time out which involves restricting the pupil's access to all positive reinforcements

as part of the behavioural programme;

• withdrawal which involves removing the person from a situation which causes

anxiety or

distress to a location where they can be continuously observed and supported until

they are ready to resume their usual activities;

• the distinction between planned physical interventions (where incidents are

foreseeable in that they have occurred previously and a response planned following a

risk assessment) and the use of force in emergency situations (which cannot

reasonably be anticipated);

• first aid procedures to be employed and those responsible for implementation in the

event of an injury or physical distress arising as a result of a physical intervention;

• unacceptable practices that might expose service users or staff to foreseeable risk of

injury of psychological distress.

Wherever possible, assistance will be sought from another member of staff.

Positive handling at Hope View is seen as a proactive response to meet individual

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pupil needs.

Recording

Where physical control or restraint has been used, a record of the incident will be kept

as part of the school's incident reporting procedures. It is expected that the member of

staff involved in the physical intervention takes the opportunity after the incident to

repair and reflect with the child involved. The outcome of this interaction must be

recorded on the incident form. Following the completion of an incident form on the

school's database, Iris Adapt, it is checked by both the SENCO and Headteacher

before being countersigned. The report is held electronically in the database. Copies

will be sent to all agencies involved with the care of the child, e.g. parents/carers,

social worker etc.

**Monitoring incidents** 

Whenever a member of staff has occasion to use reasonable force, this will always be

recorded and documented following agreed procedures. Monitoring of incidents will

help to ensure that staff are following the correct procedures and will alert the

Headteacher to the needs of any pupil(s) whose behaviour may require the use of

reasonable force. Monitoring of incidents will take place on a regular basis and the

results used to inform planning to meet individual pupil and school needs.

Action after an incident

The Headteacher will ensure that each incident is reviewed and investigated further as

required. If further action is required in relation to a member of staff or a pupil, this

will be pursued through the appropriate procedure:

• review of behaviour programme, school risk assessment if relevant and the pupil's

individual risk assessment;

• child protection procedure (this may involve investigations by police and/or social

services);

• staff or pupil disciplinary procedure;

• school behaviour policy;

• exclusions procedure in the case of violence or assault against a member of staff.

The member of staff will be kept informed of any action taken.

In the case of any action concerning a member of staff, he/she will be advised to seek

advice from his/her professional association/union.

**Complaints** 

The availability of a clear policy about reasonable force and early involvement of

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parents should reduce the likelihood of complaints but may not eliminate them.

Any complaints about staff will be investigated through the school's Complaints Policy. If necessary, the complaint will be dealt with by the Staff Disciplinary Procedures and/or Child Protection Procedures.

#### Links with other school policies and practices

This policy links with a number of other school policies and practices including:

- Complaints Policy
- Behaviour and Discipline Policy
- Confidentiality Policy
- Risk Assessment Policy
- Child Protection Policy
- Touch Policy
- Pupil Complaints Policy
- Incident Reporting Policy and Procedures
- DFE Guidance "Use of Reasonable Force. Advice for head teachers, staff and governing bodies." Section 93, Education and Inspections Act 2006

Responsible Person: Mrs C Lorne – Proprietor

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Directors: Mr M and Mrs C Lorne